





## Meeting of the State Democratic-Conservative Executive Committee.

Rooms of the DEW. EX. COMMITTEE.  
RALEIGH, N. C., January 29th, 1876.

At a meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the Democratic-Conservative party this day held, it was resolved that a meeting of the State Executive Committee be called to assemble in the city of Raleigh, on Wednesday, the 15th day of March, 1876. The object of the meeting is to decide upon time and place of holding the State Convention of the Democratic-Conservative party and to consider such other matter before the Committee.

Each member of the Committee is earnestly requested to be present.

W. R. COX, CHAIRMAN.  
J. J. LITCHFORD, SECRETARY.

A GOOD GARDEN.—Remember, the foundation of a good garden is good seeds, in the first place, and good culture afterwards.

ATZEVELY'S DRUG STORE, you will find all fresh and reliable SEEDS. No old stock on hand, remember that.

NEWSPAPERS.—Daniel Webster said: Small is the sum that is required to patronize a newspaper and well rewarded is the patron. I care not how humble and unpretending the gazette he takes. It is next to impossible to fill a sheet with printed matter without putting something into it that is worth the subscription price. Every parent whose son is away from home at school should supply him with a newspaper. I will remember the difference between those of my schoolmates who had and those who had not access to newspapers. Other things being equal, the first were always decidedly superior to the last in debate, composition and intelligence.

## Washington Items.

The House, on the 7th, was engaged on the Finance and Currency question.

West presented joint resolution of the General Assembly of Louisiana, asking appropriation for construction of the levees of the Mississippi river in Louisiana; that the general government assume exclusive control of such levees. The committee on Commerce presented a bill allowing four per cent. interest on all Alabama claims after judgment. Passed.

On the 8th, in the Senate a resolution was introduced looking to the completion of the Washington Monument. The Texas Pacific Railroad was also under consideration.

On the 9th, in the Senate, Mr. Morrill submitted a resolution requesting the Secretary of War to furnish the Senate with the report and accompanying maps, diagrams and estimates made in pursuance of the Act of March 3d, 1875, directing a survey of the line of the Neuse river to connect it with the Cape Fear river and to connect the waters of the Harbor of Norfolk, Virginia with those of the Cape Fear river at or near Wilmington, N. C.; adopted.

## House proceedings important.

On the 10th, in the House, the appropriation bill was under consideration, and Blaine made his speech on Finance.

Brace denounced Grant and carpet-baggers bitterly, in executive session.

In the House, on the 11th, the diplomatic bureau bill was passed. It appropriates \$914,000, a reduction of \$170,000 from last year.

The Senate passed the Centennial appropriation bill, 41 to 15.

Nothing else of much importance, except that on the 14th, bill repealing the resumption of specie payment was considered.

In Senate, Ingalls said the Senate had already received information as to the ravages of insects upon vegetation in the West during the past year. The actual loss from ravages of the locust, chinch bug, army and cotton worm and hessian fly exceeded 200,000,000 dollars and from the locust alone the amount exceeded 50,000,000 dollars. In seven counties of Minnesota, nearly 60,000 bushels of locusts were destroyed at a cost of 80,000 dollars. He believed the subject was worthy of attention of Congress and therefore introduced a bill for protection of agricultural interests against injurious insects; referred to the committee on agriculture.

The Secretary of Treasury has furnished all the hands in the bureau of printing and engraving. No money.

Senators appointed on the Democratic Congressional Executive Committee are Stevenson, Wallace, Whyte, Gordon, Davis and Eaton.

The million and a half appropriation for the Centennial Exposition has passed Congress and only awaits the President's signature, who no doubt it will receive.

The House of Representatives has passed the bill to repeal the Bankrupt law. It is now before the Senate.

SPECULATIONS ON THE BARBOCK CASE, says the New York Herald, are very various, but while the case is in the hands of justice, with every prospect of a full and fair trial, we do not care to forecast the result. It is stated in Washington that the President's evidence in favor of his friend and Secretary has not been all that the latter's lawyers desired, and the gossip from St. Louis indicates a good deal of public feeling on the matter, but no reliable basis for a judgment in advance of the jury's on facts yet to be testified to and evidence not yet introduced.

On our first page will be found the letter of Jefferson Davis in reply to Blaine's charges. We repeat, it is to be regretted that politicians will not permit peace, quiet and good feeling to be restored in this country.

We don't think Blaine and other evil disposed persons, will make much capital in the end, by endeavoring to stir up bad blood.

Mrs. E. B. HARRIS.—I send you a club of county subscribers. We are pleased with the standard you have taken against the old war issues. Any candidate in For-who attempts to ride into office on the old broken down war horse, hereafter, will be signally defeated. All my neighbors, without distinction of party, are tired of this reviving of old issues to catch votes. Any candidate who attempts this old trick again, will be elected to stay at home.

Go on, Mr. Press, you are making new friends every week. I know several persons who are not subscribers to your valuable paper, as anxious to see it every week as I am; so much so, that I scarcely get an opportunity to read it myself. I know you are opposed to the newspaper borrowing system, but I must be neighborly, and it may do good.

Gen. Johnson's old law office in Salisbury, says the Watchman, is to be removed to Philadelphia for exhibition at the Centennial.

## A Statistical View of the Situation.

The New York Dry Goods Journal gives the most sensible view of the situation that we have yet seen. As figures cannot lie the following may be taken as a truthful exhibition of the financial condition of the country.

The assessed value of real estate in the United States in 1870 was \$9,914,780,825, and personal estate \$1,264,205,907; making the total assessments of property \$11,178,986,732.

The annual product of agriculture in 1870 was \$2,447,538,658; manufactures, \$1,232,322,442; mining, \$152,598,991; fisheries, \$11,095,322—making a total yearly production of \$6,813,778,616. Making with real and personal estate, twenty billion dollars.

The issue of legal tender notes is \$372,471,772, and fractional currency \$12,610,000, making the total Government issue \$415,181,772, of which there is in the treasury, December, 1875, \$12,614,962, leaving outstanding, \$403,066,810. Gold coin in the United States (estimated) \$150,000,000—total, \$565,066,810—the sole legal tender medium for the exchange of the vast amounts of production of property named above and the indebtedness named below. Add to this base currency, national bank notes \$350,000,000, and we have in circulation an estimated possible medium of \$905,066,810, and deduct from this all the gold and excess of estimated greenbacks, and that which is absorbed by bank reserves and private hoarding, and the actual figure of active circulation cannot much exceed a half billion of dollars, or about one dollar of money to each four hundred dollars of production.

The national bank loans and discounts in 1870 were \$280,222,051, and State bank loans and private banks (estimated) \$650,000,000. The indebtedness in 1870 was State bonds, \$24,747,859; certificates, \$28,118,739; county bonds, \$157,197,878; certificates, \$29,600,170; city and town bonds, \$27,119,668; certificates, \$57,124,862; funded debt of all railroads, \$8,250,760,108.

Vast amounts of real estate must be changed daily, yet there is only one dollar in twenty-eight to do it with.

There is only one dollar for every three of bank loans; of other bonds our legal tender currency will pay but little over fifty per cent.

The mercantile business alone amounts to \$5,500,000,000, and the currency figures one to seven of that.

The funded debt of the United States is stated at \$2,230,766,108, and we have but one dollar of currency to four and a half of that.

The mortgage indebtedness is fully \$3,000,000,000, which we have but sixteen and two-thirds per cent. of money to liquidate, and no note is taken of the \$350,000,000 national bank note currency which is as much a liability as anything else.

In short, says the Dry Goods Journal, the demonstration simply shows that our financial structure is built on the plan of an inverted pyramid, the apex being, say, \$390,000,000 of circulating greenbacks; then comes \$7,000,000,000 yearly production; then, say, \$20,000,000,000 accrued wealth; and the increasing efforts and undeviating aim of our great political economists seem to be to diminish this apex (which is placed at the bottom) and increase the superstructure.—*Wilmington Record.*

The Louisville Courier-Journal reveals the startling fact that since the inauguration of the National Government there has been spent about \$190,000,000 of public money on public improvements in the Northern States, while the expenditures in the South have not exceeded \$17,000,000. It adds that this is more surprising when we remember that the Southern States have at all times, excepting during the war, furnished one-half to three-fourths of the exchange with which we have paid our foreign debts, and that in default of Southern productions the supply of gold and silver would be inadequate to pay the annual interest charges on the national debt, and the government of the United States would inevitably have dishonored its foreign obligations.—*Wilmington Journal.*

DIMINISHING GRAIN TRADE.—New York has lost nearly one-fourth of its grain trade, while other Atlantic ports have gained. This is the startling fact which the report of Mr. Walker, statistician of the Produce Exchange, sets forth with clearness. The receipts of flour and grain at Montreal, Boston, Portland, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans were 63,771,675 bushels during the first nine months of 1874 and 63,445,031 bushels during the first nine months of 1875, a loss of over 326,644 bushels. But at Montreal there was a loss in receipt of grain of 656,373 bushels, so that at the five American ports there was a small gain. On the other hand, receipts at New York during the first nine months of 1874 were 84,166,049 bushels, and during the first nine months of 1875 only 63,234,291 bushels, a loss of 20,931,848 bushels, or nearly one-quarter. In grain, excluding flour, the loss at New York was 19,981,756 bushels during the same period, or more than one-fourth, for her receipts of grain in 1874 were 69,104,279 bushels, and in 1875 only 49,118,523 bushels. But during the same nine months receipts of grain alone at the five American ports were larger than during the corresponding period in 1874, by 4,000,369 bushels.

Death of Hon. Reverdy Johnson.

Reverdy Johnson, probably the greatest Constitutional lawyer of the age, died at Annapolis, Md., on Thursday afternoon, 10th inst., at the residence of Gov. Carroll. He had just dined and fell from the porch of the mansion to the carriage-way below, where he was found dead, with his skull fractured. It is supposed that he was attacked with vertigo and fell, dying almost instantly. Gov. Carroll, with the other guests, were in the smoking room at the time.

Mr. Johnson was born in Annapolis, May 21, 1796, and consequently lacked but little more than three months of being 80 years of age at the time of his death.

He acted his part well as U. S. Senator, was Attorney General in President Taylor's cabinet and was appointed Minister to England in 1868.

New Paper.—We have received the first number of the Redville Times, a handsome little wide-awake sheet, published by Messrs. Thompson & Duggins. We wish the publishers much success in the flourishing town of Redville.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, for March, has been received. It looks as usual, all magazines of its class. Pay Toll First, a fine illustration engraved expressly for this magazine; the fashion plates, dress patterns for adults and children, designs for embroidery, edging, braiding and music, fill well their departments. Social Life a Century Ago, the Daughter of Jerusalem, Days of '76, and other highly interesting articles, fully sustain the well earned reputation of this magazine which is daily increasing in popularity in this section.

THE PRUNING KNIFE.—The House of Representatives committee on appropriations is still applying the pruning knife with more vigor, and is reducing appropriations at every possible point. They are still at work on the Treasury part of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, and are steadily applying the principle of reducing twenty per cent. on the force and ten per cent. on salaries. They expect to cut off fully \$10,000 in the treasury's office proper, \$24,000 in the redemption agency and loan division, and \$22,000 in the office of the register of the treasury. The committee think they can save \$10,000 in all the mints except that of San Francisco, which is an exceptional case. The amount asked for that mint this year is \$670,000, as against \$330,000, which was appropriated last year, and the committee are determined to cut the estimate down \$200,000, for they can see no good reason why so much should be demanded.—*Ex.*

## The End of the Robeson Contested Case.

One Edmunds, as we learn from the Wilmington Journal, was charged with destroying the poll-books of Britt's township for the purpose of defeating Dr. Norment and Niell McNeill for a seat in the Constitutional Convention. The case was tried before Commissioner Cassidy, Judge Russell appearing for the government and Capt. W. S. Norment for the defendant.

The charge rested mainly upon the evidence of one Stephen Powell, who said he had heard defendant say to one Ballard that he had destroyed the poll-books for the purpose of defeating Norment and McNeill. And Ballard testified that Edmunds told him he had destroyed the books; but afterwards defendant said he was joking and Ballard told it as a joke.

The defendant introduced J. C. Freeman, who stated he was present when the returns were made out; that he heard Edmunds ask the registrar how he should make out the returns, and also asked Dr. Norment, and the returns were made out according to instructions; that the returns being signed were put up in an envelope, and that Edmunds was informed that it was not necessary to send up the scroll kept at the box; but that afterwards learning of some trouble in regard to the absence of the scrolls he proceeded to Lumberton and deposited them with the Register of Deeds.

The Commissioner was perfectly satisfied of the innocence of the accused, and discharged him without hesitation, and Messrs. Norment and McNeill now leave definitely they were not elected to the Convention.—*Ind. News.*

TWELVE STATES.—Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, South Carolina, and Wisconsin—took a census in 1865, which show the following increase over the Federal census of 1850: Iowa, 156,524; Kansas, 168,974; Louisiana, 130,124; Massachusetts, 191,561; Michigan, 153,889; Minnesota, 158,725; Nevada, 9,845; New Jersey, 150,406; New York, 332,449; Rhode Island, 40,893; South Carolina, 127,841; Wisconsin, 182,059. Total increase, 1,637,174. In 1870 these States had nearly one-third the population of the whole country; and if we may assume that the increase of population in the remaining States has been proportionate, the central population of the country ought to be about 44,000,000.

THE AMERICAN FARMER for February, is promptly issued and will be found of unusual value, containing as it does numerous papers suitable to the season and the times. A very interesting essay from Mr. J. Atlee, reviewing the Progress of Agriculture for the past century, gives a general outline of the improvement in every branch, and is instructive and encouraging to the farmer. The reports of numerous agricultural clubs and associations, with the results of their experience within the past year, convey a vast amount of instruction from many of the best known practical men of Maryland and other States. This time honored old Pioneer of Agriculture, Mr. Atlee says in his essay, was established in 1719, and is supposed to have been the first periodical started strictly in the interest of agriculture, has continued to be published up to the present, and although it has survived more than half a century and has seen many co-laborers in the same good cause fall by the wayside, it has shown no signs of decrepitude, but with each succeeding season comes freighted with good cheer and encouragement to the tiller of the soil.

The correspondents of the Farmer are very numerous and able, and from all the States from Pennsylvania to Mississippi; and every subject connected with agriculture in all its branches receives full attention. Published monthly by Sam'l Sands & Son, Baltimore, Maryland, at \$1.50 per year, or 5 copies for \$5.00. Specimens may be had on application.

North Carolina Mechanical Genius.

It appears somewhat inexplicable that, with the decided genius for mechanics and the high inventive faculty of North Carolinians, so little of it has been utilized at home. The famous Gatlin gun, so famous in Europe as the nitraileuse, is a North Carolina invention. The Edwards battery, patented during the war by a resident and native of Orange county, is a North Carolina invention. We cannot and do not attempt to recall from memory the many useful implements applied to the arts of peace which have their origin in North Carolina brains. They will suggest themselves to our readers. One of the latest is a sewing machine, made in Cleveland county, which comes in competition with the famous machines of Howe, Singer and others.

A COLORED SENATOR PROPOSES AGAINST GRATE.—It is stated that Senator Bruce of Mississippi, in executive session in Washington, on the 10th inst., pronounced himself as opposed to Grant and the third term. He was quite emphatic. He thought Grant did not cure for the South. He will not support him if nominated. He further stated that the colored people had better make terms with the resident whites of the South.

Mr. George W. Hardwicke, formerly of the Lynchburg Republican, has accepted the position of associate editor on the Wilmington Star.

How MORTON WAS HORRIFIED.—A Mississippi planter stopping at the Arlington House, Washington, was haggard about the very superior quality of some grapes that he had raised on his premises. Senator Morton happened to be standing near at the time, and earnestly putting in his ear, observed: "May I make you use?"

The Mississippi planter surveyed his questioner a few seconds, and then gravely replied: "Dead niggers."

The horrified Senator fell back in order, hauled a little blank book out of his pocket and promptly made the following memorandum: "Speech—Amnesty impossible—South unconquered—Democratic barbarities—Massacre of the blacks—Dead niggers—Hamburg grapes."

NORTH CAROLINA STATE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—This reliable home company is the recipient of the appended handsome and deserved tribute from the Piedmont Press of Feb. 5:

The North Carolina State Life Insurance Company, paid off last Friday, a \$1,000 policy to the heirs of Hiram P. Crawford, of Lincolnton. The company was entitled to ninety days' time, but when informed by Dr. Michael, the district agent, that the circumstances of the family were such as to make a prompt payment an act of kindness, the money was paid at once—there being only six days from the time the evidences of death were sent until the payment was made, and this too, without asking any discount, which was certainly magnanimous.

This action on the part of the North Carolina State Life Insurance Company is in striking contrast to that of a number of foreign companies in our midst, who not only take advantage of every possible means of delay, but seize every opportunity to contest and defeat ultimate payment. The company is a home enterprise and does not draw money away from our people to build up other states.—*Raleigh Sentinel, Feb. 10.*

## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

## STATE ITEMS.

First National Bank at Wilson has commenced business with a capital of fifty thousand dollars.

Thomas C. Pass, one of Caswell county's oldest and cleverest citizens is dead.

It is said there are 43 lawyers in Raleigh! What a place Raleigh must be.

The Salisbury Watchman says a Rowan fox was caught the other day after a run of 30 miles.

The roster of North Carolina soldiers in the revolutionary war, lost for many years, has been discovered among the archives of the auditor's office.

Peter Kistler, of Fredrick county, aged 75 years, the other day married Miss Rachel Black, aged 54 years.

"Aunt Mary," a negress who was formerly a slave of Mrs. Ann Maguire, of Wilmington, died on Monday evening last at the ripe age of 110.

The life of Mr. A. G. Moore, whom Mr. Swenson killed recently, was insured for \$10,000. He made a will before dying.

John Williams, the murderer of Cohen, at Whitaker's, Edgecombe county, has been convicted.

A stranger from the Northwestern part of the State travelling with a drove of horses, died recently near Durham, of pneumonia.

The Shelby Banner says: Mr. P. D. Wilson, a wealthy farmer living near our town, killed a pig on last Thursday 8 months and 15 days old, weighing 220 pounds net. He has made 2,200 pounds of pork out of 11 hogs, or rather pigs, the oldest being 12 months old and the youngest 6 months old.

On Monday Mr. George Dixon, who shot and killed the negro Leckhart at Red Hill Church, Edgecombe county, some time since before last, was tried and found guilty of murder in the first degree. An appeal will probably be taken.

The Lexington Central says that the grocery of Mr. Sanford Phillips, at Yorkville, was destroyed by fire on last Saturday night, supposed to have caught from the store of Mr. Thompson, which the college boys saved by throwing snow against the side near the fire.

Sale of a blooded colt, Charlotte Observer says: The three year old colt Hardware owned by a gentleman in this city, was sold to an other citizen on yesterday for \$3,000 in cash. He was sired by Little's Colt, dam Bettie Brown-pig.

Two men in Pender county, started out with their guns in search of a thief who had stolen a hog from one of them. After pursuing a considerable distance, they stopped at a house to get warm, leaving their guns and shawls in the cart. While they were in the house, these were stolen, and it is thought, by the same fellow for whom they were hunting.

The Charlotte Observer says that the failure of the Southern Life Insurance Company, of which John B. Gordon was president, will be sensibly felt in that city. The Observer says that a large number of the best and most prominent citizens of Charlotte are interested in the company, and many of the people of the city will lose considerable amounts.

The Raleigh News says: On Friday, while a young man named Jeff. Dupre was attending upon the street, a horse in the Panther Branch towship in this county, he was nearly run over by the lower saw which runs in connection with an upper one for the purpose of sawing logs of large diameter, and was drawn between the two, and hurled on the mill floor behind him. He was terribly lacerated, and his back being cut open the whole length of the trunk, his right arm split from the shoulder to the hand, his right elbow dislocated, and the flesh of the right ankle cut to the bone. How he escaped instant death seems miraculous. Accounts received of his condition, on Saturday afternoon represent it as very critical.

MURDER IN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Newbern Times says: "On Saturday, December 22nd, quite a murder occurred over the sounds of this State. From on board a vessel lying at Hatteras as yet, the following light-houses were visible, viz: Ocracoke Light-house, distant sixteen miles; Cape Hatteras Light-house, distant thirteen miles; Long Shoal Light-house, distant twenty-three miles; Royal Shoal N. W. and S. W., distant twenty-three miles; Harbor Island Light-house, distant thirty-one miles. Also all the coast survey trips about the sound from Long Shoal to Pamlico and Neuse Rivers, and most of the bays, even a common spar-bow off of Island, distant twenty-six miles. All objects appeared perfectly visible, such as an usual vision occurred inside the coast another equally peculiar phenomenon was apparent from the ocean. Vessels in approaching the land would make objects near the sea level along the coast, could discover higher objects, such as the tops of trees, light-houses, coast survey signals, &c. In one instance the base of the light-houses at Cape Hatteras, with the dwellings, were first seen, then the painted stripes above and below, and subsequently the top of the tower came in view. The weather was cloudy, wind light from the east or calm barometer 30.49, thermometer 56". There was also an unusually low run of tide, and this seldom seen were left bare."

There is a lady in Baltimore older than the United States. She had her centennial year ago, and yet enjoys perfect health, attends to her domestic duties, reads the telegrams and newspapers without spectacles, and has a baby seventy-four years old. She firmly believes the theory that men are descended from monkeys. "For," she says, "the longer one examines them, the more one sees they are ever restless playing tricks on each other, just like their ancestors."

An ingenious statistician calculates that London consumes at least 250,000 gallons of beer a day, which is only twenty-five gallons for each of its 10,000 taverns. There is a small inn close to the London general post-office where one hundred and eighty-five gallons of stout are retailed every day, while one opposite the Bank of England gets rid of not less than two hundred gallons. A not very large beer saloon close to the Great Northern Railway depot lately sold its goodwill for \$30,000. Many very quiet-looking men have a wagon-load of ale and stout every morning. The land is never less than a dozen to a dozen and a half glass barrels.

In the old countries people have to run further for a doctor than we do here. Germany, with a population of 12,000,000, last year graduated 600 physicians, rejecting 108 applicants. In the same time the United States, with a population of 40,000,000, graduated 300 physicians.

HEAVY DEFEALCATION IN NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.—It was made public last week that the funds of the Norfolk and New Brunswick Hoaxing Company had been used and lost to the extent of \$142,000. The real defaulter is Geo. Earle, a son of the Treasurer, who acted as book-keeper and banker for his father, Mr. Jonathan Earle.

ENORMOUS FORGERIES, BOSTON.—A series of forgeries, which have been for a long time in progress at Boston, was made public last week. The perpetrator of them is the Rev. E. D. Winslow, who has been connected with several newspapers in Boston. Amount forged \$150,000. The forger has gone to Europe.

## GENERAL NEWS.

Gov. Tilden receives the largest salary of any Governor in the United States, \$10,000 annually.

Col. Kick, the infamous, holds a paying position in the Capital Police at Washington.

Thirty-three years have passed since the introduction of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and it still stands unrivalled. Price, 25 cents; five bottles \$1.

At New London, Connecticut, the National Bank of Commerce was robbed of over \$22,000 by burglars. The thieves left \$500,000 in bills receivable which had been packed in a box. Experts were required to open the vaults after the burglars left. See particulars.

Ex-Gov. Joe Johnson is now living in Harrison county, W. Va., aged 91 years. He was personally acquainted with all the Presidents from Jefferson to Lincoln. In 1852 he beat G. W. Summers for Governor of Virginia.

Joseph M. Rothrock, for several years a clerk in the post-office in Baltimore, has been sent three years to the Maryland penitentiary for perverting letters and taking money from them while employed in the post-office.

TORRICO.—Of the whole tobacco product of the United States it may fairly be assumed that it is the greatest, if not largely so, known to history. We put the crop of Virginia at 75,000,000, of the other States at 180,000,000—total, 255,000,000 pounds.

Some of the people of New York are shocked at finding that in the past six years 281 homicides have been committed in that city, for which only seven persons have been executed, and twenty-four more sentenced to imprisonment for life—thirty-one in all. No wonder that criminals there think "hanging for murder is played out." One-third of last year's murderers escaped trial of any kind.

Wool.—The California wool clip of 1876 is estimated at 50,000,000 pounds; with good seasons in two years it will amount to 60,000,000 pounds annually, and in three years to 75,000,000. California is now the first wool growing State in the Union.

The Jonesboro (Tenn.) Whig says: Some enterprising gentlemen who reside near Bald Mountain, have recently discovered that the mountain is rich with silver. A few boxes of the ore have been sent to Philadelphia to be tested, and the report comes back favorable. The discovery of this precious metal, in such quantities as reported, will be pleasant news to the citizens of Upper East Tennessee.

Robert Bonner has purchased the mare "Music" from Mr. William C. Trimble, of Newburg, N. J., and has added her to his unequalled list. The price paid for "Music" has not been made public, but it is believed to be not less than \$18,000. Mr. Trimble having last fall received \$15,000 for the mare, "Music" has a record of 2:24, and was sired by the well known horse Middleton.

The wolves of Wisconsin are unusually bold this season. They even come into the villages and attack man. On a late evening a pack of the beasts attacked a citizen at Perkins, Clark county, on the road half a mile from town, and manifested a most determined disposition to make a meal of him. He succeeded in fighting them off, and reached home a much frightened man. Children are especially liable to be taken in towns and country. The vicious brutes often invade villages and scare the inhabitants with the music of their howls.

The winter has been exceptionally severe in Russia, and the Empress has given a pair of fur-trimmed gloves and a heavy bashlik (the Oriental "hood") to every cab-driver or trovat-hik (Pedestrian). She has also kept a great fire burning before the Winter Palace on the open street for the benefit of these poor fellows, and ordered a daily distribution there to them by the police of shilsh, a comforting drink made of honey and hot water.

Of the Peabody fund, last year, Virginia received \$28,750, North Carolina \$17,150, Georgia \$6,000, Florida \$6,000, Alabama \$3,200, Mississippi \$9,500, Louisiana \$4,700, Texas \$3,800, and the other States, and West Virginia, \$7,100, a grand total of \$97,650.

New York, Feb. 9.—The Continental Hotel, and a large number of stores, near by, were burned last night. The fire raged for two hours. Three firemen were killed, and seven injured. The loss on stock and the buildings, was a million dollars.

The Brooklyn gas companies are considering a reduction of the price of gas from \$2.75 per 1,000 feet to \$2.25.

Rabulion in the price of gas seems to be the order of the day, the latest instance being that of the Augusta (Georgia) Gaslight Company, which has voluntarily reduced the price of gas from \$5 to \$4 per thousand feet.—*Baltimore Sun.*

MEMPHIS, Feb. 12.—A Jackson special says the committee of investigation found Cardozo, the colored Superintendent of the penitentiary in Mississippi, guilty on ten counts including perjury, forgery, bribery and embezzlement.

It is estimated by the registrar general of Great Britain that by the middle of this year the population of London, as limited in the metropolitan and city police districts, will exceed 4,250,000. This increase is caused partly by the increase of births over deaths, and partly by immigration. Last year 30,000 persons were added to the permanent residents of the British metropolis from outside places.

At Brownville, Tenn., Samuel Bond, deputy United States Marshal, was shot and killed last Saturday evening by H. M. Clark, one of the editors of the Democrat, in a quarrel which grew out of a political discussion which began in jest.

DARING AND SUCCESSFUL BANK ROBBERY.—One night a week or two ago, a daring robbery was committed upon the Northern National Bank, Norfolk, Mass. The cashier, Mr. John Whittlesey, was in the house of the cashier, Mr. John Whittlesey. It was accomplished by seven men who had been hanging about the town for a month. They entered the house of Mr. Whittlesey, and bound and gagged and guarded for hours his wife and family, seven in number. They compelled Mr. Whittlesey to give them the combinations of the safe vault. When asked to give the three combinations to the vault for the outer, inner and chest doors, he gave them the three, and three, but the burglars wrote them down and made him repeat them. Of course they caught him in the attempt to mislead them, and the exhibition of a pistol compelled him to tell the truth, though he told them that four keys were necessary to open the patent lock, three of which were at the houses of the other bank officers. At 4 o'clock, a. m., Whittlesey was taken to a downstairs bed room. The whole family were gagged, and four of the burglars withdrew to operate. Three hours after Mr. Whittlesey succeeded in freeing himself and giving the alarm from the window. The whole party were speedily liberated.

On replying to the bank the safe lock was found to be a combination lock, and the safe had failed to gain an entrance, and the safe could not be opened by the officers until late in the day, when it was found to have been forced and securities and money to the amount of about \$20,000 were missing. A small safe in the vault which the burglars cut into, and which contained \$30,000 deposited by Harvey Hopkins Academy, and much other valuable property.

HEAVY DEFEALCATION IN NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.—It was made public last week that the funds of the Norfolk and New Brunswick Hoaxing Company had been used and lost to the extent of \$142,000. The real defaulter is Geo. Earle, a son of the Treasurer, who acted as book-keeper and banker for his father, Mr. Jonathan Earle.

ENORMOUS FORGERIES, BOSTON.—A series of forgeries, which have been for a long time in progress at Boston, was made public last week. The perpetrator of them is the Rev. E. D. Winslow, who has been connected with several newspapers in Boston. Amount forged \$150,000. The forger has gone to Europe.

## THE MARKETS.

Corrected by R. A. Womack & Co  
Dealer in General Merchandise.

Corn,	00 a 75	Salt,	150 a 00
Wheat,	1 00 a 1 15	" American,	0 00
Flour,	2 75 a 3 00	Candies adv. 18 a 20	
Meal,	24 a	" Linseed, 22 a 25	
Chop,	2 a 2	" Kerosene, 22 a 25	
Shops,	134 a 18	Sheetings, Fries' B-	
Oil,	0 00 a 0 00	" A 8	
Card,	124 a 18	Yarn, Fries, 0 00 a 11	
Wax,	10 a 15	Iron,	5 a
Glass,	35 a 40	Nails,	44 a
Colasses,	35 a 40	Calf Skins, green, 10 ct	
These Fac.	18 a 25	Callow, 8 a 10	
Count.	25 a 30	Wool, 28 a 30	
Butter,	25 a 00	Clover Seed, 20 a 25	
Wheat,	80 a 00	Onion, 8 a 10	
Apples, green, 50 a 75		Barrels flour, 0 00 a 0 10	
" dried, 4 a 10		" Fruit 7 00 a 0 10	
potatoes,	4 a 10	Shingles,	7 00 a 0 10
" Irish, 50 a 75		Longleaf Pine, 4 50 a 5 5	
Office,	22 a 30	Butter, per case, 50 a	
Sugar,	8 a 15	" 21 a	
" Crushed, 12 a 22		Dried Cherries 18 a	
" unpeel'd 4 a 8			
" unpeel'd 4 a 8			
Dried Blackberries, 0 to 10			



## LOCAL ITEMS

### POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

Salem, N. C., Post Office Arrangement.—Office hours from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. during the week. As no mails arrive or depart on Sunday the office will not be open on that day.

**TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING THE MAILS**

Railroad, from Greensboro to Salem, closes every day, except Sundays, at 7 a. m.; due every day except Sunday, by 6:30 p. m.

Mount Airy mail, via Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Little York, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek: closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30 a. m.; due, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 3 p. m.

Madison mail, via Sedge Garden, Germantown and Walnut Cove, due Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 5 p. m.; closes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6:30 a. m.

Jerusalem mail, via Friedberg, Miller's Mill, Elba and Fulton: closes every Wednesday at 6 a. m.; due, every Thursday, 7 p. m.

Jonesville mail, via Mt. Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains East Bend and Booneville: due every Friday, by 7 p. m.; closes every Saturday, at 6 a. m.

Waketown mail, via Salem Chapel, White Road, Bellevue Creek Mills and Blakely: closes every Friday, at 4:30 p. m.; due, every Saturday, by 7 p. m.

Huntsville mail, via Clemmons, Lewisville and Panther Creek: closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30 a. m.; due, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 p. m.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

**LOCAL NOTICES.**—Notices will be published in our local columns at 20 cents per line, every insertion, for regular customers who have standing advertisements in the Press. Otherwise, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

**OBITUARY NOTICES.**—All obituary notices and notices of respect, over ten lines, will be charged at advertising rates. Terms cash.

**BLANKS, Land Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Chattel Mortgages, Magistrate's Summons Judgments and Executions, for sale at the Press Office.**

**THE TABLEAU.**—These beautiful "Living Pictures" were presented to a large and appreciative audience on Friday and Saturday evenings of last week, for the benefit of Salem Lodge of Knights of Pythias.

The entertainment opened with an exquisite fairy scene, composed of children, artistically grouped in a rocky glen, in a miniature grove of pines, making an enchanting picture indeed. The grouping and costumes were in perfect harmony with the surroundings.

The Surrender of Calais was a fine historical picture.

The Characters were well given and managed with rare skill, and although one of them submitted to a cheekmate, everything passed off highly creditable to all concerned. The characters were remarkably well sustained throughout.

"Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works Show" was the sensation of both evenings. Mrs. Jarley was in the best of humor, and her remarks truly ludicrous and laughable. The figures were "true to life" as the worthy lady aptly expressed herself, and when "wound up" exhibited their various characteristics with wonderful precision. Long life to Mrs. Jarley and her inimitable wax works.

"Night and Morning" were considered prominent among the many classic and elegant representations of the evening. Night appeared in dark flowing robes, literally covered with sparkling stars, with a beautiful constellation overhead, moving gracefully across the darkened stage, presented a beautiful scene. Morning, clad in white, followed Night, and as the former reached the center of the stage a reflector threw a blaze of light over her, making a scene that was charmingly beautiful.

The Angel Mother was another fine picture. A little child lying near a grove of pines, amid which, and apparently suspended in the air, appeared a bright angelic figure, seemingly watching over the sleeping child. It was a truly beautiful and effective scene.

The recitation, Damon and Pythias, was most admirably given, followed by the thrilling scene of "Damon at the Block."

The historical scene, Queen Isabella and Sir Roger Mortimer, was a very fine one, the lady's costume being particularly elegant.

Pochoatans Saving the Life of Capt. Smith was a very fine picture, and the rich and appropriate costumes had a truly barbaric effect. Pochoatans was charming, and the somber and statue-like braves, reminded one of Cooper's noble savages. The Indian girls were the very ideals of forest beauties.

The Pyramid of Beauty was certainly all it represented.

The two scenes 1776 and 1776 were peculiarly appropriate, representing the two most important years in our national existence. The costumes of 1776 were remarkably well gotten up, and showed how our ancestors dressed in the days which tried men's souls.

A Royal Wedding was a picture of truly regal magnificence. The bride's train was borne by four little girls, dressed in white, which added materially to the beauty of the scene.

The comic singing was good, especially "Capt. Jinks," and "Mrs. Capt. Jinks," as well as "Coming thro' the Rye."

"The Boss of the Mill Wagon" was an excellent shadow of the worthy original, and as a local hit was unapologetically applauded.

The entertainment embraced several excellent pieces of instrumental music on the organ as well as songs and choruses, all finely rendered and added much to the pleasures of the evening.

The thanks of the Knights and their numerous friends are certainly due and are hereby tendered to the ladies, the owner of the hall and all who in any way assisted in making the TABLEAU successful.

The weather on Friday evening being very warm we regret to learn that one of Mrs. Jarley's Wax Figures came very near having his nose melted off. We sincerely hope the damage will not be lasting.

**IF YOU WANT FULL VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY GET BEST GOODS OF**

Jan. 6th, 1876.

**NEW MAP OF N. C.**—Mr. Foltz, of the Merchants' Hotel, Winston, exhibited to us a new map, which is the most perfect one of the State we have ever seen. Mr. Foltz is agent for the sale of the map.

Do not forget the date, Tuesday evening February 22nd, at 8 o'clock P. M., is the time appointed for the Grand Dress Ball and Social Party, to be given by the Salem Cornet Band, at the Salem Hotel. Come one, come all. Plenty of amusement, refreshments free and every thing tending towards social enjoyment.

A large stock of DRESS GOODS. At reduced prices for cash on order.

J. L. FULKERSON  
Salem, N. C., Jan. 6th, 1876

PROF. TRIPP'S Grand Descriptive Series of Lectures on Modern French History, were highly interesting and instructive, and well attended.

Commencing with the Revolution in February, giving the remote and immediate causes of the catastrophe, he gave a comprehensive summary of the various incidents, including the terrible details of the Counter Revolution of June.

The lecture on Louis Napoleon, The Second Empire, and the Causes of the Franco-Prussian War, were the most thrillingly interesting, while the closing lecture on Lamartine was by far the most beautiful and artistic in construction, showing that the speaker fully appreciated the high literary merit to which the Post-Statesman of France is so justly entitled. The course was a rare literary treat, and enjoyed by the cultivated minds with a keen relish.

NED BRIETZ, well known in our community as "the gas-maker," fell dead on Monday last, about one o'clock. Ned had been in usual health in the morning, and was at work on the lot near the old Cotton Factory. According to the evidence, he had been talking with his fellow workman but a short time previous to his death, and was seen to fall on his knees, dying almost immediately.

Upon examination, Dr. Balmson pronounced the cause of his death to be disease of the heart.

**PROLIFIC.**—We have been informed that Col. Henry Marshall, of Salem Chapel Township, this county, has a cow five years old, which has had five calves—twins twice.

**COME AND BUY, NOT WITHOUT MONEY.**—In order to raise money to promptly pay a heavy surety debt, I propose to offer FOR A TIME, my large and desirable stock of Goods at 10% discount in such quantities as CASH buyers may desire. Come and avail yourselves of an opportunity which I trust will prove a mutual benefit.

Respectfully Yours,  
J. L. FULKERSON.  
Salem, N. C., Feb. 17th, 1876.

**SAD FATE.**—We learn that Peter Fulp, of this county, the father of Joseph Fulp, was burnt to death on Friday, the 11th inst., about noon. Mr. Fulp was very feeble, upwards of 80 years of age, and in the habit of resting on a pullet near the fire, from choice. When the house he was in was discovered to be on fire, the family of Mr. Joseph Fulp hastened to the rescue, but on opening the door found the inside all ablaze; it was impossible to enter, and Peter Fulp perished in the flames. It is supposed the fire communicated to the bed, and the old man could not make his escape.

Sunday afternoon, while it was thundering, a little four year old boy asked his grand-mother, who is somewhat hard of hearing, if she heard it.

"No, my child," said the lady.

"Well then, grand-ma," said the little fellow, "put on your specs and listen."

Several young clerks who witnessed the tableaux on Saturday night, got access to the stage, somehow, on Sunday afternoon, during the rain, and performed the "pyramid of beauty." They formed the pyramid pretty well, but in the language of an eminent jurist, the beauty wasn't "thar."

The man who sent his wife a comic valentine on Monday last, now goes one eye on things, and has no use for a comb.

"My strategy, we can accomplish a great many things," said a man Sunday afternoon, as he slipped in home the back way, from fishing.

A. FOGLE, Esq., has a rooster that is certainly prepared to scratch for its living, it having twelve toes,—six on each foot.

A young man called to take his girl to meeting Sunday night, and a few minutes before they were ready to start the girl's mother entered the parlor and said: "My dear, if you are going to meeting in the rain, you'd better take off those clothes and put on your overshoes." The young man not being good at comprehending, made big eyes and whispered to the girl that he didn't think he would go.

Last Saturday morning, as the "Boss of the Mill Wagon" was driving up Main street, apparently in a deep study, he was startled by hearing a man yelling at him from down the street:

"Mister, I say, Mister!"

"W-on, 'Buck," said the "Boss."

"I say, you man in the wagon," yelled the man.

"Well, what is it you want?" asked the "Boss," adjusting his "long-rangers," and looking in an opposite direction to where the man was.

"I am," said the man as he approached the wagon, nearly out of breath, "the agent for a patent rat-trap, a specimen of which I have with me, and I wish you to examine it."

"Don't believe I want 'ary' rat-trap," said the "Boss," and rapping "Buck" with the lines, started off.

"Hoi! on, Mister," said the rat-trap agent, "I want you to see the principle on which this trap works."

The "Boss" reined "Buck" in, and told the man to proceed.

"You see, Mister," said the agent, taking the trap from under his arm, "that by springing this part of the trap back, so I have it set; the bait is then put on this place, and when a rat goes at it, it immediately caught, killed and thrown aside, while this spring, flying back, sets the trap again. Hundreds of rats can be caught in a single night; and the working of the trap is so simple that a child can manage it."

"Let me see that trap a moment," said the "Boss," becoming interested in it.

The agent handed him the trap, and after examining it awhile, he caught hold of one of the springs and pulled it back, but not quite far enough for it to catch in the proper place, and when he let go of it, the trap closed on his fingers.

"Wooh! onch! ooh! take it off, Mister, quick," screamed the "Boss."

The agent took hold of the trap, and pulling back the spring released the "Boss," who galloped up the lines, and shaking his fist at the agent said:

"Mister, if it wasn't that I'm in a hurry to deliver this grist, there'd be the gold-darrest thrashed rat-trap agent ever you saw!" then giving "Buck" a rap, he moved on up the street, blowing his fingers, while the agent went elsewhere to show the merits of his trap.

**GRAVE STONES.**—Persons wishing Grave Stones lettered before Easter, will please apply, without delay, to

W. T. VOGLER.  
Salem, N. C., Feb. 17th, 1876.

MAJOR SEATON GALE will lecture in the Chapel of Salem Female Academy on Friday evening next at 7 o'clock. Reading Club benefit. Admission 25 cents.

MAJ. GALE will deliver a free lecture for the Old Fellows, in the Court-House, on Thursday evening.

We notice that the "Almond Tree" in Elder Wm. Turner's yard, in this place, is in full bloom.

The roads for the first time this winter are pronounced really bad.

We call attention to the advertisement of the North Carolina State Life Insurance Company in this week's issue of our paper. The Company is on a solid, safe basis, its success having surpassed the expectation of its friends. The high character of its Officers and Directors is a sufficient guarantee that justice and fair dealing will characterize its government. Let our people patronize this sterling Home Company, and not send their money out of the State to enrich and build up other people.

**SOMETHING NEW.**

The INDEPENDENCE BREAD PLATE—represents the 13 original States with their representatives in Congress 100 years ago. Nice for daily use in every family. Sold by J. L. FULKERSON.  
Jan. 6th, 1876.

**VALENTINES** are good during the month, this centennial year. A few more on hand at the Bookstore, at half-price.

**SHOOTS.**—A few thrifty shoots, of good stock wanted. Apply at this office.

We are under renewed obligations to Hon. Wm. M. Robbins for Congressional favors.

Rare bargains at Patterson & Co.'s,—below cost.

**AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY.**—Rev. R. A. Moore, Colporteur at large in North Carolina, reports for 10 months and 14 days, the following work: 2844 volumes sold; 6-8 volumes granted; engaged in 157 public exercises; 1,227 families conversed with on personal religion, or prayed with; 1,805 families visited. Found many destitute of all religious books and the Bible; and many who habitually neglected to attend preaching. He states further that 15 other brethren have been engaged with him in the good work of circulating the excellent publications of the society, and in preaching the gospel of Christ in North Carolina. He is anxious to raise all the funds he can to help support Union Missionary Colportage in N. C., and all money contributed to him for the society, will be applied to the support of colporteurs in this State.

**OBITUARY.**

At Richmond Hill, Yadkin county, N. C., on the 24th of January, 1876, Mrs. MARGARET ELIZA POWERS, wife of Edwin Powers, and daughter of Henry Snow, Esq., aged 18 years and 3 months.

No one but those who feel it can know the loss of a true and good woman. Her bereaved household, and the society to which she gave life and light can alone realize her irreparable loss. So with the subject of this announcement: none but those who know her and profited by her shining qualities and estimable character, can realize that she has gone to rest the glorious promise of a Christian life. The community in which she resided and where she was admired and loved, are moved with sadness at this sudden dispensation of Divine Providence. She was a consistent member of the Methodist church, and made home so cheerful and attractive that this severe affliction upon a devoted husband and relatives has created an aching void in that tender but mournful household, now shrouded in lasting gloom and sadness.

Seldom has there been in a country place a larger and more mournful funeral. It contributes a memorable tribute to worth. The large concourse of mourning friends and weeping relatives, the general prevalence of heaving sighs and flowing tears will live in memory, and cause others to feel as the writer does, that it is better to die to the house of mourning than to the house of feasting. But our loss is her gain; she has gone to a better land. On the morning of the resurrection she will come forth clad in the vestments of a glorious immortality. Till then, ye cedars that adorn her tomb wave gently, and ye mourning winds wail softly over her sleeping dust.

## FRESH SUPPLIES

—AND—

## RARE BARGAINS.

—C—

WITHIN THE PAST TEN DAYS, we have added to our already large and varied stock of goods, the following:

**Fresh Supply of best Brown, "C," Extra "C," and Cut**

**Loaf Sugars.**

**A FINE LINE OF RIO COFFEES,**

Both Green and Roasted.

In addition, we keep a superb article of **BESTED COFFEE**, put up handsomely in 1 lb. papers.

Also, choice **MOCHA COFFEE**, the most delicious of all coffees.

**Royal Baking Powders,**

**BATH BRICK,** 10 cents a piece, the best cleanser of household steel-ware.

A new invoice of those famous

**LADIES' SHOES,**

made by C. K. ROYAL, formerly ROYAL & READ.

**PAPER WARE,** of six different kinds.

A nice selection of

**NEW PRINTS,**

**NOTIONS, BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MUSLINS, CAMBRICS, &c.**

**CLARK'S SPOOL COTTON,** reduced to 80 cents per dozen,—single spools, 7 cents.

**COATES' SPOOL COTTON,** 80 cents per dozen spools,—single spools, 7 cents. Of the latter we are expecting 400, direct from the Agents.

**COATES' LINEN THREAD,** on spools, a very superior article.

Our whole line of

**Fancy Dress Goods,**

comprising many desirable styles, and of the best makes, is offered at

**10 PER CENT. BELOW COST.**

In many instances the exact cost will be stated to the customer.

Such goods as may have been carried over for two seasons, will be offered at

**25 PER CENT. BELOW COST.**

We thus offer to the citizens of Salem, Winston and the surrounding country

**RARE BARGAINS.**

Since the hard times have set in, **PRINTS** are not so good as formerly, and therefore a WISE economy dictates the purchase of better material, so that the labor and expense incident to the present elaborate make up of dresses, may not be thrown away.

**PATTERSON & CO.**

Salem, N. C., Feb. 17th, 1876.

## PIEDMONT WAREHOUSE,

WINSTON, N. C.

Has the BEST LIGHTED SALE-ROOM of any Warehouse in town.

IT WAS THE FIRST HOUSE TO REDUCE CHARGES. THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICES OBTAINED.

1-3m.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINES.**

Liberal terms of Exchange for Second-hand Machines of every description.

**"DOMESTIC" PAPER FASHIONS.**

The Best Patterns made. Send 5 cts. for Catalogue. Address DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO., 300 N. 3rd St. NEW YORK.

**\$12 DAY at home.** Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free.

**ASTONISHING!**

"Forty days, and Nineteen shall be overthrown." Future events prophesied by rules in BENNER'S PROPHECY BOOK. Fortunes foretold in the ups and downs of prices for the next twenty years. The future judged by the past. What years to make money on—pigeon, hogs, corn, provisions, cotton, and which will have the new name, what year and times will end and business revive again. Every farmer, manufacturer, legitimate trader and speculator should have this book to know the future, so as to avoid loss and be successful. Sent to any name, post paid, for \$1. Address SAMUEL BENNER, Bainbridge, Ross County, O.

**FOR 1786.**

**APPLETON'S JOURNAL,**

A Household Weekly Magazine,

DEVOTED TO

POPULAR LITERATURE AND ALL MATTERS OF TASTE AND CULTURE.

APPLETON'S JOURNAL appears in new type and with other mechanical improvements, making it the handsomest weekly literary journal in the country.

APPLETON'S JOURNAL aims to be comprehensive, including in its plan all branches of literature, and treating all subjects of interest to intelligent readers; it designs to be elevated in taste and pure tone; it gives in quantity fully twenty-five per cent. more than the largest of the Monthly Magazines, while in quality its literature is of the highest class.

Price \$4 per Annum; 10 cents per Number.

**SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.**

The undersigned has procured, exclusively for subscribers to APPLETON'S JOURNAL, a splendid steel engraving of

"CHARLES DICKENS IN HIS STUDY,"

which is offered, under special terms, to every subscriber—in advance—to JOURNAL for 1876.

This engraving is in line and simple. It is not a fancy picture, but a true and faithful representation of Charles Dickens's study at Gadshill, while the portrait of the distinguished author is strikingly faithful.

The size of the plate is 20x14, printed on heavy plate paper 24x30, making a large and handsome engraving for the parlor or library wall. The execution of the plate is of a superior order.

The ordinary price of a steel engraving of this character in the print-shops would not be less than five, and perhaps six dollars. It is offered exclusively to subscribers, in addition to the JOURNAL for one year, for \$5.00 and for \$1.00 additional for each year's advance subscription to the JOURNAL for 1876 may receive a superb engraving worth fully five times the amount.

This engraving is entirely new. It has never been for sale in the print-shops, and CANNOT BE OBTAINED EXCEPT IN CONNECTION WITH APPLETON'S JOURNAL, under the terms and conditions given above. It will be mailed to subscribers postage prepaid.

**D. APPLETON & CO.,**

549 & 551 Broadway, New York.

**\$77 WEEK** guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Terms and outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

**\$5 to \$20** per day at home. Samples sent free.

**AGENTS,** the greatest chance of the age. Address, with stamp, National Copying Co., Atlanta, Ga.

**EMPLOYMENT.** Male and female, salary or commission. We pay Agents a salary of \$30 a week and expenses. EREKA MFG CO., Hartford, Conn. Particulars FREE.

No 5-4w.

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION**

TO

**Frank Leslie's Illustrated Publications**

POSTAGE PAID.

Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper Weekly \$4.00

Frank Leslie's Illustrated Magazine Monthly 4.00

The Day's Doings, 4.00

Frank Leslie's Journal, 2.50

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Frank Leslie's Boys and Girls Weekly, 2.50

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly, 2.50

Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine, Monthly, 3.50

Frank Leslie's Boys of America, 1.50

Frank Leslie's Pleasant Hours, 1.50

Frank Leslie's Budget of Fun, 1.50

The Jolly Joker, 1.00

Frank Leslie's Family Herald, 1.00

Frank Leslie's New York Journal, 1.00

Frank Leslie's Illustrated Almanac, 50

Frank Leslie's Comic Almanac, 15

Every yearly subscriber is entitled to a beautiful premium Chromo with each publication. The original designs were designed and painted expressly for our use, and the Chromos are printed in oil, exactly reproducing in every detail the original masterpieces of art.

Description of Chromos, Publication and Gifts, with sample papers, sent on receipt of stamps for return postage.

**AGENTS WANTED.**

Address, AGENCY DEPARTMENT, Frank Leslie's Publishing House, 637, Pearl Street, New York.

No 5-6m.

**BARGAINS!**

**Boots, Shoes and Hats**

**AT COST!!**

Purposing to close out our Stock entirely, we offer it, at cost.

Persons desirous of **GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES**, will do well to call early.

H. S. & S. A. EVERETT.

Salem Feb. 9th, 1876.

**VALENTINES** AT THE BOOKSTORE.

**A Situation Wanted.**

THE undersigned desires a situation as Salesman or Agent, prefers Salem or Winston. He would commence, say, between the 1st of February and 1st of March. He believes from his experience, acquaintance, &c., he can control a considerable portion of the trade, and promises to do all he can for his employers. Please make me an offer, which shall be confidential if desired, as I shall accept the position where the highest salary is offered.

Address, at present, E. L. HEGG, Clemmons, N. C.

Jan 20 1mo-pd No 3

**JOB PRINTING.**

We call the attention of all classes who wish printing executed neatly, expeditiously, and upon reasonable terms, to the facilities offered at the People's Press Printing Establishment.

We can furnish, at short notice,

BLANKS, BILL-HEADS, CARDS



